



Cambridge International AS & A Level

CANDIDATE
NAME

CENTRE
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MATHEMATICS

9709/21

Paper 2 Pure Mathematics 2

October/November 2021

1 hour 15 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: List of formulae (MF19)

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- If additional space is needed, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet; the question number or numbers must be clearly shown.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You must show all necessary working clearly; no marks will be given for unsupported answers from a calculator.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 50.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has 16 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

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- 1** Find the exact value of $\int_{-1}^2 (4e^{2x} - 2e^{-x}) dx$. [4]

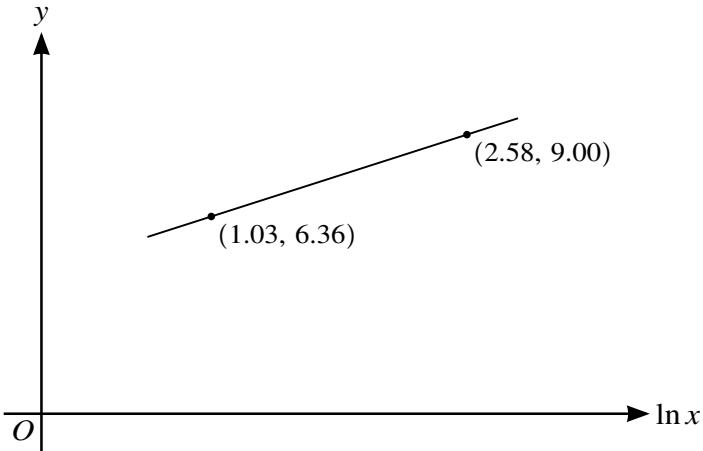
- 2** (a) Sketch, on the same diagram, the graphs of $y = 3x$ and $y = |x - 3|$. [2]

(b) Find the coordinates of the point where the two graphs intersect. [3]

- (c) Deduce the solution of the inequality $3x < |x - 3|$. [1]

.....
.....
.....

3



The variables x and y satisfy the equation $a^y = kx$, where a and k are constants. The graph of y against $\ln x$ is a straight line passing through the points $(1.03, 6.36)$ and $(2.58, 9.00)$, as shown in the diagram.

Find the values of a and k , giving each value correct to 2 significant figures.

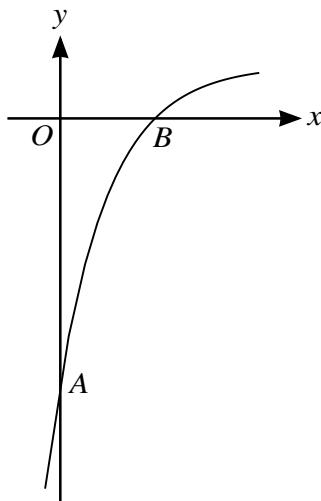
[5]

- 4** The curve with equation $y = xe^{2x} + 5e^{-x}$ has a minimum point M .

(a) Show that the x -coordinate of M satisfies the equation $x = \frac{1}{3} \ln 5 - \frac{1}{3} \ln(1 + 2x)$. [5]

- (b) Use an iterative formula, based on the equation in part (a), to find the x -coordinate of M correct to 3 significant figures. Use an initial value of 0.35 and give the result of each iteration to 5 significant figures. [3]

5



The diagram shows the curve with parametric equations

$$x = \ln(2t + 3), \quad y = \frac{2t - 3}{2t + 3}.$$

The curve crosses the y-axis at the point A and the x-axis at the point B .

- (a) Show that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{6}{2t+3}$. [4]

(b) Find the gradient of the curve at A.

[2]

(c) Find the gradient of the curve at B .

[2]

- 6** The polynomials $f(x)$ and $g(x)$ are defined by

$$f(x) = 4x^3 + ax^2 + 8x + 15 \quad \text{and} \quad g(x) = x^2 + bx + 18,$$

where a and b are constants.

- (a) Given that $(x + 3)$ is a factor of $f(x)$, find the value of a .

[2]

- (b) Given that the remainder is 40 when $g(x)$ is divided by $(x - 2)$, find the value of b .

[2]

- (c) When a and b have these values, factorise $f(x) - g(x)$ completely.

[3]

- (d) Hence solve the equation $f(\operatorname{cosec} \theta) - g(\operatorname{cosec} \theta) = 0$ for $0 < \theta < 2\pi$.

[3]

- 7 (a) By first expanding $\cos(2\theta + \theta)$, show that $\cos 3\theta \equiv 4\cos^3 \theta - 3\cos \theta$. [3]

- (b) Find the exact value of $2\cos^3\left(\frac{5}{18}\pi\right) - \frac{3}{2}\cos\left(\frac{5}{18}\pi\right)$. [2]

(c) Find $\int (12 \cos^3 x - 4 \cos^3 3x) dx$.

[4]

Additional Page

If you use the following lined page to complete the answer(s) to any question(s), the question number(s) must be clearly shown.



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